

## Pre-Calculus and Trigonometry Prep Problems

Identify the intercepts, domain, range, and asymptotes or holes, if applicable of the following functions. Then sketch a graph of the functions in the space provided.

1.  $y = -3x + 5$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

2.  $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 2$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

3.  $y = 14x + 36$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

$$4. \quad y = x^2 + 2x + 1$$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

Vertex:

$$5. \quad y = -4x^2 + 24x - 35$$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

Vertex:

$$6. \quad y = -x^3 - x^2 + 4x + 4$$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

$$7. \quad y = -3(x + 8)^3 - 24$$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

$$8. \quad y = |2x| - 5$$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

$$9. \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} -x, & x < 0 \\ x, & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

$$10. f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x, & x < 0 \\ -x + 1, & 0 < x \leq 4 \\ x^2, & x > 4 \end{cases}$$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

$$11. y = \frac{x^3+x^2-6x}{4x^2+4x-8}$$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

Asymptotes:

Holes:

$$12. \frac{x^3 - 16x}{-3x^2 + 3x + 18}$$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

Asymptotes:

Holes:

$$13. y = \frac{x^2 + 3x}{x^2 - x}$$

Domain:

Range:

Intercepts:

Asymptotes:

Holes:

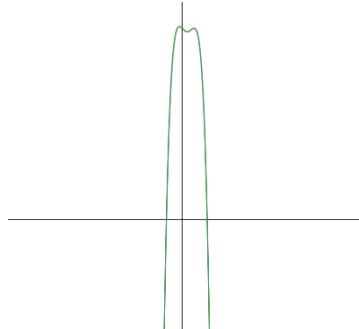
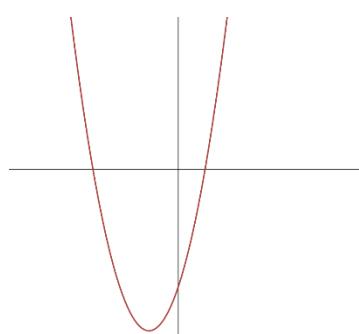
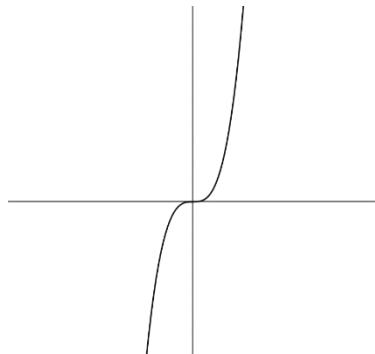
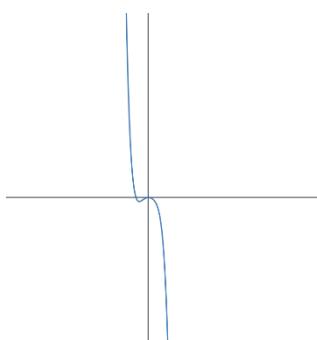
14. Match the following functions to a sketch of their graphs:

A.  $y = 4x^3$

B.  $y = x^2 + 3x - 6$

C.  $y = -x^5 + 4x^4 - x^2$

D.  $y = -3x^4 + 4x^3 - x + 15$



Compose the following functions, both as  $g \circ f$  and as  $f \circ g$ :

15.  $f(x) = 3x + 1 ; g(x) = x^2 - 6$

16.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x - 3} + 4 ; g(x) = \frac{1}{3}x + 12$

Decompose the following functions into a possible  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$

17.  $H(x) = 2x^2 + 8$

18.  $H(x) = 3\sqrt{x+17} - 8$

Using the information provided in the table, find the following:

$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$f(x)$	11	9	7	5	3	1	-1
$g(x)$	-8	-3	0	1	0	-3	-8

19.  $(f \circ g)(1)$

20.  $(f \circ g)(2)$

21.  $(g \circ f)(2)$

22.  $(g \circ g)(1)$

Find the inverse function of each of the following functions:

$$23. f(x) = 5x + 10$$

$$24. g(x) = x^2 - 6$$

$$25. h(x) = \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}-1}{3}$$

Solve the following systems of equations using either the elimination or the substitution method – be sure to check your work!

$$\begin{aligned} 26. \quad & -6x - 8y = -28 \\ & 9x + 5y = -14 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 27. \quad & 10x + 12y = -26 \\ & -6x + 6y = -24 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}28. \quad & x + 3y = 18 \\& y = -4x + 6\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}29. \quad & 2x + y = 2 \\& 3x + 7y = 14\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}30. \quad & y = 4x - 9 \\& y = x - 3\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}31. \quad & 18x - 6y = 30 \\& -9x - y = -19\end{aligned}$$

Simplify the following radical expressions:

$$32. \sqrt{32}$$

$$33. \sqrt{128}$$

$$34. \sqrt{75}$$

$$35. 3^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$36. 2^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$37. x^{-4}$$

$$38. x^{\frac{-2}{3}}$$